An Overview Of TOGAF







Slide 1

The Architecture Framework

The Open Group Architecture Framework (TOGAF) is a tool for assisting in the acceptance, production, use, and maintenance of enterprise architectures

It is based on an iterative process model supported by best practices and a re-usable set of existing architectural assets.

It is developed and maintained by The Open Group Architecture Forum.

The first version of TOGAF, developed in 1995, was based on the US Department of Defence Technical Architecture Framework for Information Management (TAFIM).

It has also incorporated elements from most of the other major architecture approaches from across the industry (e.g. Zachman, DODAF, MODAF, FEAF) into an overall consistent framework and development process.





The Four Major Viewpoints Of The Architecture Framework

L1 / L2

The latest version, TOGAF 9, was introduced in 2009. It can be used for developing a broad range of different enterprise architectures. TOGAF complements, and can be used in conjunction with, other frameworks that are more focused on specific deliverables for particular vertical sectors such as Government and Telecommunications. TOGAF is

- A framework, not an architecture
- A generic framework for developing architectures to meet different business needs
- Not a "one-size-fits-all" architecture
- Focuses on business IT alignment
- Based in best practices
- Widely adopted in the market
- Tailorable to meet an organisation and industry needs

It is broken down into phases that have a continuous flow into each other as an organisation evolves its capability and the associated architecture views.

The specific architectural elements within TOGAF are:

- Business architecture
- Information systems architecture
- Technology architecture





The Basic Steps In The ADM



Document Deliverables Around the Lifecycle (Outputs)



Slide 5

The Enterprise Metamodel



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Example Specific Architecture Artefacts In The Content Framework L1/L2

Preliminary	Business Architecture		Data Architecture	Application Architecture	Technology Architecture
Catalogs	Catalogs		Catalogs	Catalogs	Catalogs
Principles Catalog	Organization/Actor Catalog	Value Stream Catalog	Data Entity/Data Component Catalog	Application Portfolio Catalog	Technology Standards Catalog
	Role Catalog	Business Capabilities Catalog		Interface Catalog	Technology Portfolio Catalog
Architecture Vision	Business Service/Function Catalog	Value Stream Stages Catalog			
Matrices	Location Catalog	Driver/Goal/Objective Catalog	Matrices Data Entity/Business	Matrices Application/Organization	Matrices Application/Technology
Stakeholder Map Matrix	Process/Event/Control/	Contract/Measure Catalog	Function Matrix	Matrix	Matrix
Core Diagrams	Product Catalog		Application/Data Matrix	Role/Application Matrix	
Value Chain Diagram	Matrices			Application/Function Matrix	
Solution Concept Diagram	Business Interaction Matrix	Strategy/Capability Matrix		Application Interaction Matrix	
	Actor/Role Matrix	Capability/Organization Matrix			
	Value Stream/Capability Matrix		Core Diagrams	Core Diagrams	Core Diagrams
			Conceptual Data Diagram	Application Communication Diagram	Environments and Locations Diagram
	Core Diagrams	Extension Diagrams Goal/Objective/Service	Logical Data Diagram	Application and User Location Diagram	Platform Decomposition Diagram
	Business Footprint Diagram	Diagram	Data Dissemination Diagram	Application Use-Case	
Requirements Management	Business Service/ Information Diagram	Business Use-Case Diagram	Data Dissemination Diagram	Diagram	
Catalogs	Functional Decomposition Diagram	Organization Decomposition Diagram	Extension Diagrams	Extension Diagrams	Extension Diagrams
Requirements Catalog	Product Lifecycle Diagram	Process Flow Diagram	Data Security Diagram	Enterprise Manageability Diagram	Processing Diagram
Opportunities and Solutions	Business Model Diagram	Event Diagram	Data Migration Diagram	Process/Application Realization Diagram	Networked Computing/ Hardware Diagram
Core Diagrams	Business Constilling Mars		Data Lifecycle Diagram	Software Engineering	Network and
Project Context Diagram	Business Capability Map			Diagram Application Migration	Communications Diagram
Benefits Diagram	Value Stream Map			Diagram	
	Organization Map			Software Distribution Diagram	© The Open Group
Infrastructure Consolidation Extension Motivation Extension Process Modeling Extension Core Content					

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Making Sense Of The Capabilities and Layering

- The TOGAF content framework differentiates between the processes of a business and the services of a business.
 - Business services are specific processes that have explicit, defined boundaries that are explicitly governed.
 - Services are distinguished from processes through the explicit definition of a service contract that defines a post condition and it performance attributes.
- The granularity of business services should be determined according to the business drivers, goals, objectives, and measures for this area of the business. Finer-grained services permit closer management and measurement (and can be combined to create coarsergrained services), but require greater effort to govern.



Completing The Business Architecture View (POPIT)





Solution Architecture Conformance Checkpoints



